



7-02



f

فاء

Questa lettera si chiama **fā'**. Ha il suono della nostra 'f'.

		ف	ف	ف ² 1	isolata
--	--	---	---	---------------------	---------

		ف	ف	ف ² 1	iniziale
--	--	---	---	---------------------	----------

		ف	ف	ف ² 1	mediana
--	--	---	---	---------------------	---------

		ف	ف	ف ² 1	finale
--	--	---	---	---------------------	--------



7-03



q

قاف

Questa lettera si chiama **qāf**. Si pronuncia come una q, una c (di casa) enfatica.

		ق	ق	ق
--	--	---	---	---

isolata

		ق	ق	ق
--	--	---	---	---

iniziale

		ق	ق	ق
--	--	---	---	---

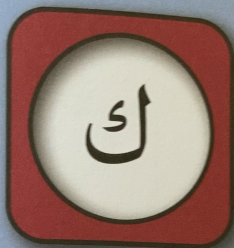
mediana

		ق	ق	ق
--	--	---	---	---

finale



7-04



c

كاف

Questa lettera si chiama **kāf**. Si pronuncia come 'c' di casa.

ك

ك

ك

isolata

ك

ك

ك

iniziale

ك

ك

ك

mediana

ك

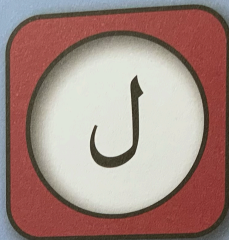
ك

ك

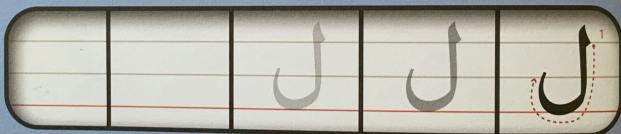
finale



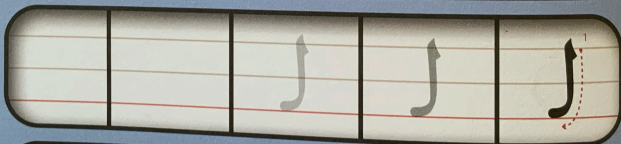
7-05



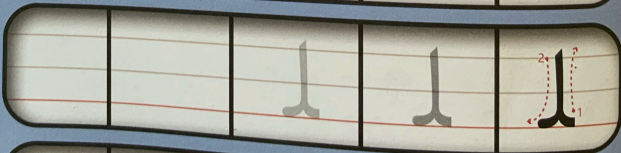
Questa lettera si chiama **lām** e ha il suono della nostra 'l'.



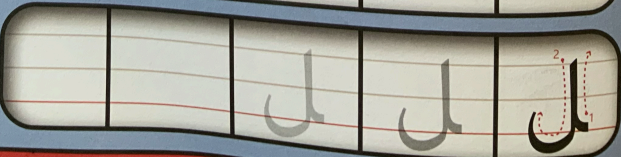
isolata



iniziale



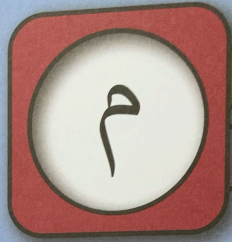
mediana



finale



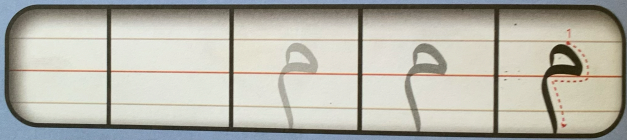
8-02



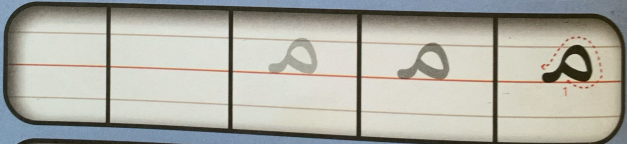
m

ميم

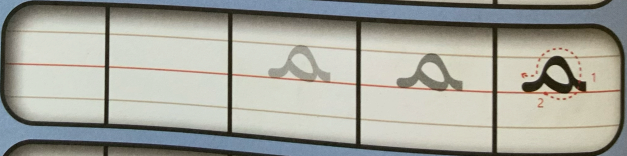
Questa lettera si chiama **mīm** e si pronuncia come la nostra 'm'.



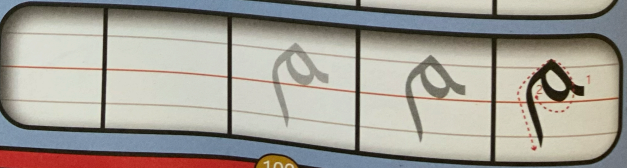
isolata



iniziale



mediana



finale



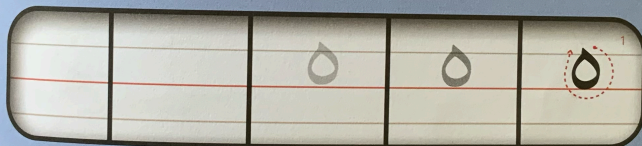
8-03



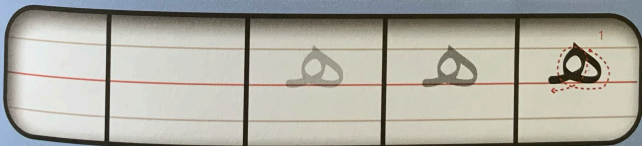
h

هاء

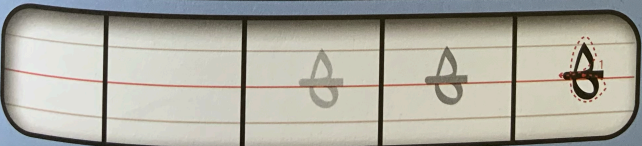
Questa lettera si chiama **hā'**. Si pronuncia come una h, laringale lievemente aspirata.



isolata



iniziale



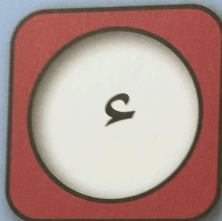
mediana



finale

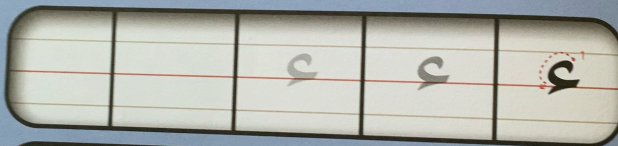


8-04

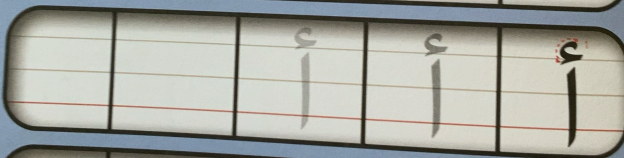


هَمْزَة

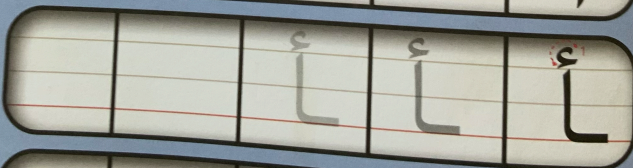
Questa lettera si chiama **hamza**. Ha diversi sostegni (vedere p. 109). Qui ha come sostegno la alif I.



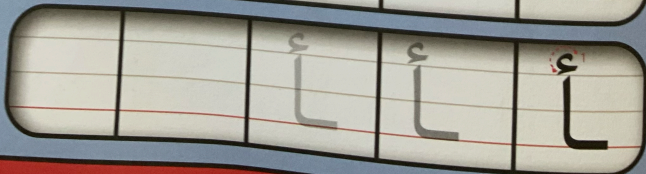
isolata



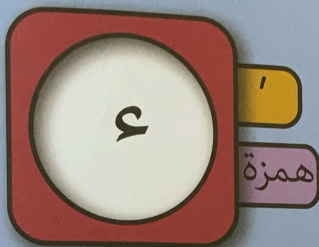
iniziale



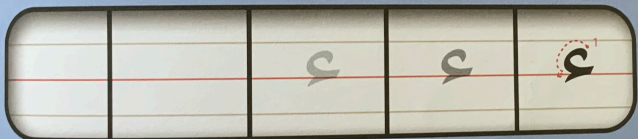
mediana



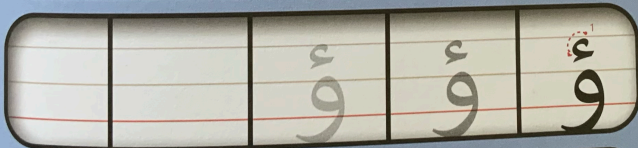
finale



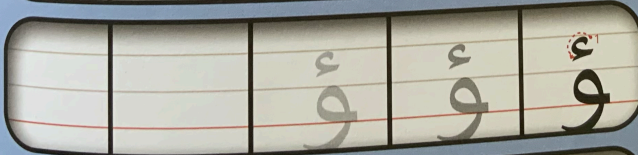
Hamza con il sostegno wāw 9.



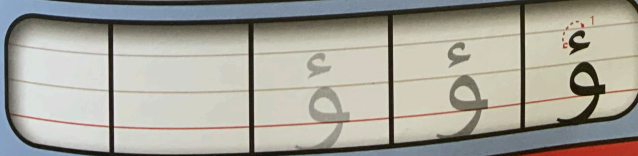
isolata



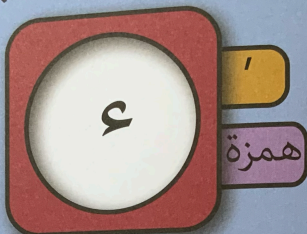
iniziale



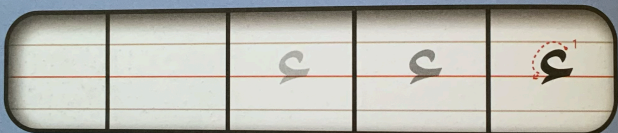
mediana



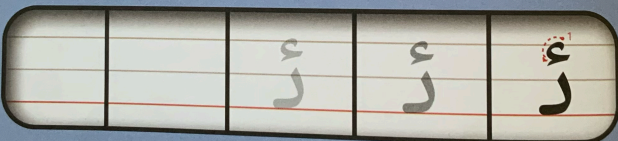
finale



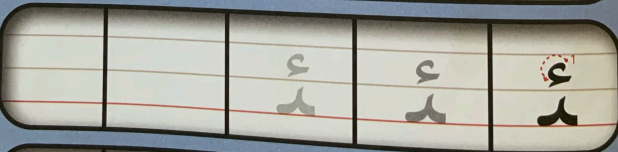
Hamza con il sostegno una yā' senza puntini ي.



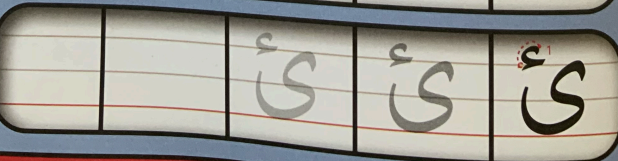
isolata



iniziale



mediana



finale