

## **Abstract progetto di ricerca assegnista in diritto privato comparato Giulia Ripoli**

The research project focuses on “*Energy communities: a tool for the revival of depressed insular and inland areas of Campania, as defined by the National Strategy for Inner Areas (SNAI)*”.

The research will aim, also through the use of the Territorial Public Accounts (CTP) system, to identify inefficiencies that contribute to the persistence of "socio-economic depression" in insular and inland areas. Specifically, the goal is to detect and assess (if present) mechanisms for reducing territorial disparities in infrastructure investments. For this purpose, a comparison between the insular and inland areas of Sardinia and Campania could be useful, as they are targets of territorial cohesion policies, with the CTP serving as measurement tools. With particular reference to infrastructure, within the framework of the so-called energy transition, the research will seek to examine the measures currently in place in response to the so-called 3D revolution (decarbonization, decentralization, digitalization) and propose energy communities as a tool to offer potential solutions to the aforementioned "delay."

The research will therefore be structured around three main thematic axes: peripherality as a structural factor of disadvantage; the condition of socio-economic depression of island and inland areas, aggravated by depopulation and infrastructural deficiencies; and, finally, Energy communities, which, if properly structured, can be a concrete and replicable tool to promote territorial regeneration, social cohesion and energy transition.