

CORSO DI STATICA E SCIENZA DELLE COSTRUZIONI

A.A. 2022-2023

Prova scritta in aula del 07.02.2023

Parte I - Testo 1

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Allievo:..... e-mail:..... Matricola:.....

Esercizio n. 1 (17 punti)

Risolvere la struttura isostatica riportata in Figura calcolando le reazioni vincolari, le equazioni delle azioni interne e tracciando nello spazio predisposto nella pagina a fronte i corrispondenti grafici. Si rammenta che il diagramma del momento flettente va riportato dalla parte delle fibre tese.

Universita' di Cagliari

SdC_SdA 07.02.23*001

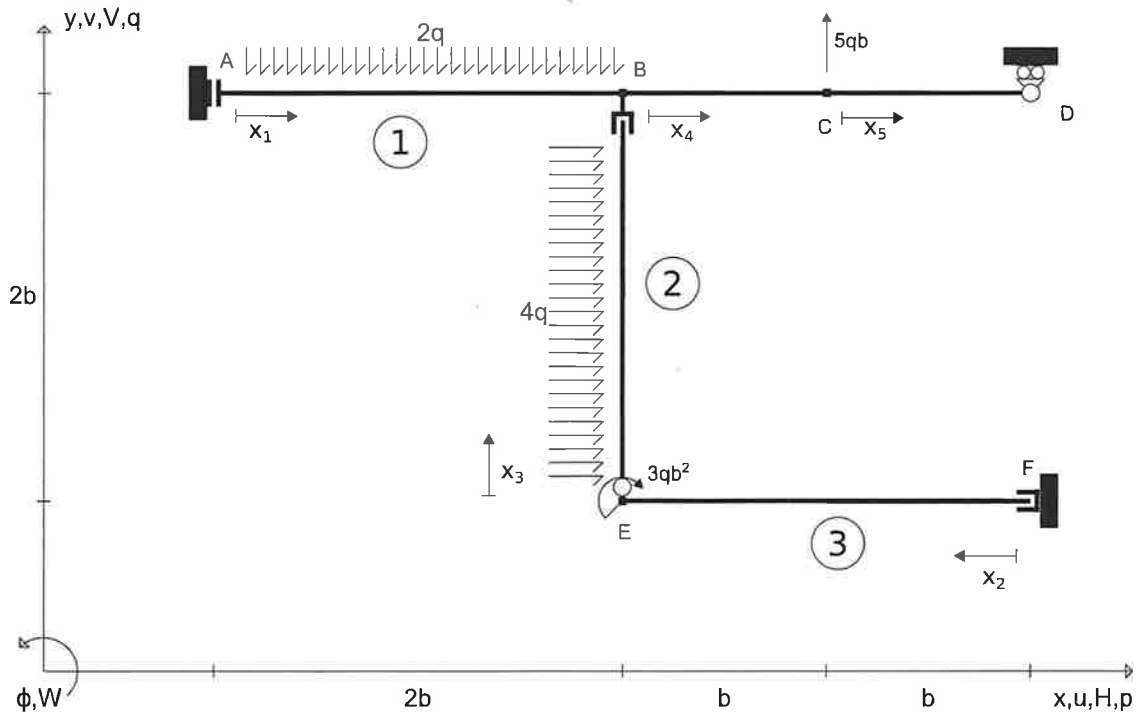
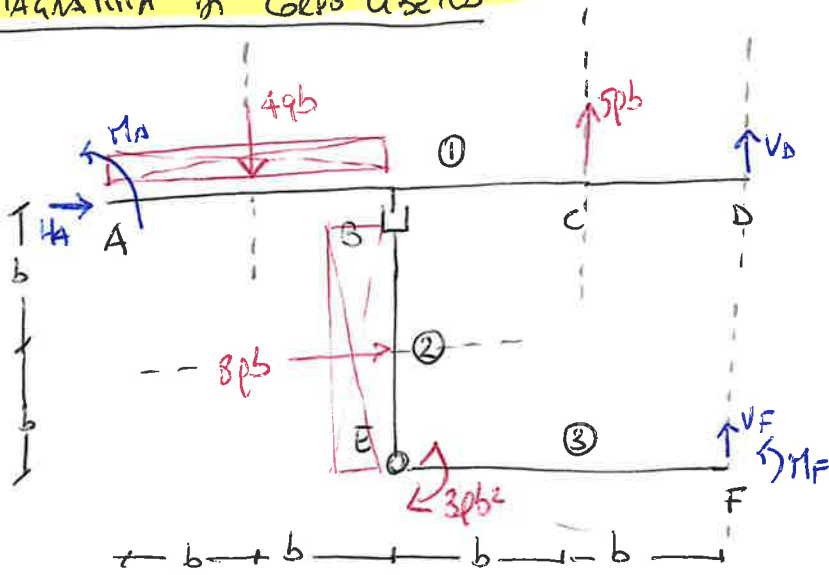


DIAGRAMMA DI CORPO USATO



$$QDL = 3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$QDV = 2(A) + 2(B) + 1(D) + 2(E) + 2(F) = 9$$

$$QDV = QDL$$

INCOGNITE: H_A, M_A, V_D, V_F, M_F

EQUAZIONI CANNONICHE:

$$\begin{cases} \textcircled{I} \rightarrow R_x = 0 & H_A + 8pb = 0 & \boxed{H_A = -8pb} \\ \textcircled{II} \uparrow R_y = 0 & V_D + V_F - 4pb + 8pb = 0 \\ \textcircled{III} \curvearrowright M_z(A) = 0 & M_A + M_F + V_D \cdot 4b + V_F \cdot 4b - 4pb^2 + 8pb^2 + 15pb^2 - 3pb^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

EQUAZIONI AUSILIARIE:

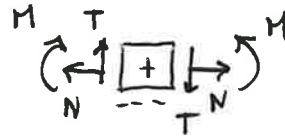
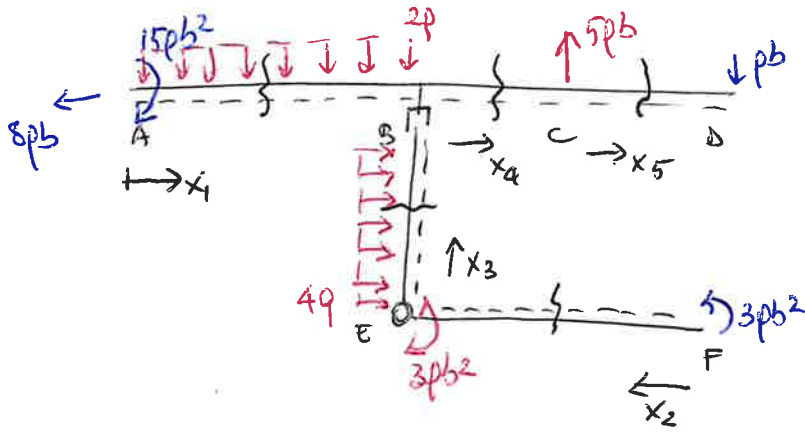
$$\begin{cases} \textcircled{IV} R_y^{(1)} = 0; \text{ oppure } \boxed{R_y^{(2+3)} = 0} & \textcircled{IV} \uparrow R_y^{(2+3)} = 0 & \boxed{V_F = 0} \\ \textcircled{V} \boxed{M_z^{(3)} = 0}; \text{ oppure } M_z^{(1+2)} = 0 & \textcircled{V} \curvearrowright M_z^{(3)} = 0 & M_F + \cancel{V_F \cdot 2b} - 3pb^2 = 0 \\ & & \boxed{M_F = 3pb^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \textcircled{II} \uparrow R_y = 0 \quad V_D + \cancel{V_F} = -pb \quad \boxed{V_D = -pb}$$

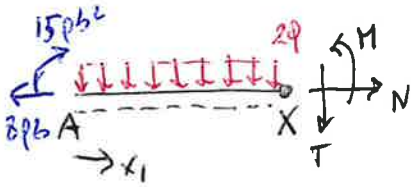
$$\hookrightarrow \textcircled{III} \curvearrowright M_z(A) = 0 \quad M_A + \underset{3pb^2}{M_F} + \underset{-pb}{V_D} \cdot 4b + \cancel{V_F \cdot 4b} + 16pb^2 = 0$$

$$M_A + 3pb^2 - 4pb^2 + 16pb^2 = 0 \quad \boxed{M_A = -15pb^2}$$

DIAGRAMMA DI CORPO URBANO IN EQUILIBRIO



I A → B $0 < x_1 < 2b$



$$\rightarrow R_H = 0 \quad -8pb + N(x_1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{N(x_1) = 8pb}$$

$$\uparrow R_V = 0 \quad -2qx_1 - T(x_1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{T(x_1) = -2qx_1}$$

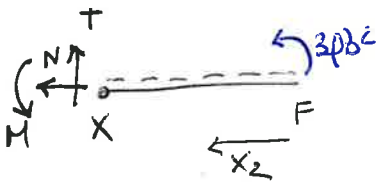
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} T(x_1=0) = 0 \\ T(x_1=2b) = -4pb \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\curvearrowright M_z = 0 \quad -15pb^2 + 2qx_1 \cdot \frac{x_1}{2} + \pi(x_1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{M(x_1) = 15pb^2 - qx_1^2}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} M(x_1=0) = 15pb^2 \\ M(x_1=2b) = 11pb^2 \end{array} \right\}$$

II F → E $0 \leq x_2 < 2b$



$$\rightarrow R_H = 0$$

$$\boxed{N(x_2) = 0}$$

$$\uparrow R_V = 0$$

$$\boxed{T(x_2) = 0}$$

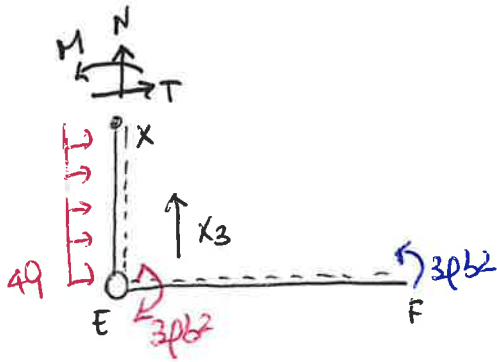
$$\curvearrowright M_z = 0$$

$$3pb^2 + M(x_2) = 0$$

$$\boxed{M(x_2) = -3pb^2}$$

III

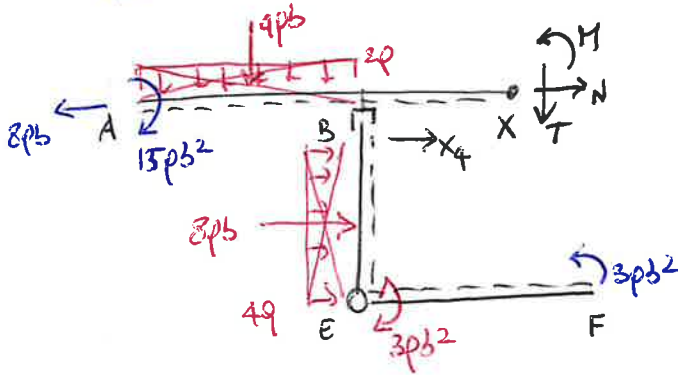
E → B $0 < x_3 < 2b$



$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow R_{11} = 0 & \quad \boxed{N(x_3) = 0} \\ \rightarrow R_{12} = 0 & \quad 4px_3 + T(x_3) = 0 \quad \boxed{T(x_3) = -4px_3} \\ \curvearrowright M_1 = 0 & \quad 3pb^2 - 3pb^2 + 4px_3 \cdot \frac{x_3}{2} + M(x_3) = 0 \\ & \quad \boxed{M(x_3) = -2px_3^2} \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{aligned} T(x_3=0) &= 0 \\ T(x_3=2b) &= -4pb \end{aligned} \right\}$$

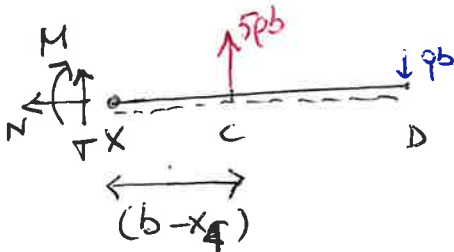
IV

B → C $0 < x_4 < b$



$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow R_{11} = 0 & \quad -8pb + 8pb + N(x_4) = 0 \quad \boxed{N(x_4) = 0} \\ \uparrow R_{12} = 0 & \quad -4pb - T(x_4) = 0 \quad \boxed{T(x_4) = -4pb} \\ \curvearrowright M_1 = 0 & \quad -15pb^2 + 4pb(b+x_4) + 8pb^2 - 3pb^2 + 3pb^2 + M(x_4) = 0 \\ & \quad \boxed{M(x_4) = 3pb^2 - 4pbx_4} \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{aligned} M(x_4=0) &= 3pb^2 \\ M(x_4=b) &= -pb^2 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

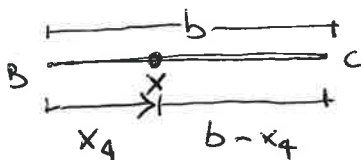
N.B. AVRETTRO POTUTO QUALUNQUE ANCHE A DESTRA DELLA SEZIONE:



$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow R_{11} = 0 & \quad \boxed{N(x_4) = 0} \\ \uparrow R_{12} = 0 & \quad 5pb - pb + T(x_4) = 0 \quad \boxed{T(x_4) = -4pb} \\ \curvearrowright M_1 = 0 & \quad 5pb(b-x_4) - pb[b + (b-x_4)] - M(x_4) = 0 \\ & \quad 5pb^2 - 5pbx_4 - pb^2 - pb^2 + pbx_4 - M(x_4) = 0 \\ & \quad \boxed{M(x_4) = 3pb^2 - 4pbx_4} \end{aligned}$$

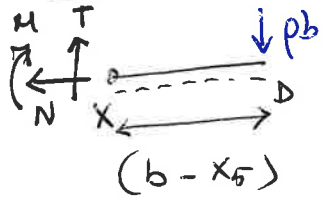
OTTENENDO GLI STESSI RISULTATI (OVVIAMENTE!) TENENDO LA SEZIONE A DESTRA, STIATO ANDANDO SEMPRE DA B → C

N.B.



3

⑤ $C \rightarrow D \quad 0 < x_5 < b$



$\rightarrow R_H = 0$

$N(x_5) = 0$

$\uparrow R_V = 0$

$-p_b + T(x_5) = 0 \quad T(x_5) = q_b$

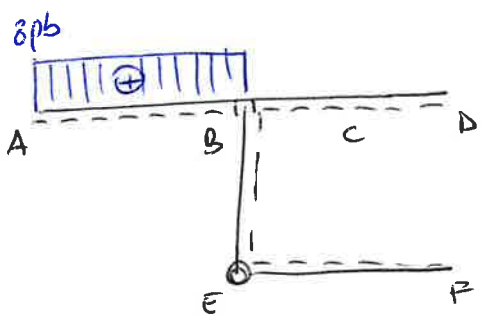
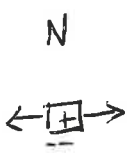
$\curvearrowright M_z = 0$

$-p_b(b - x_5) - M(x_5) = 0$

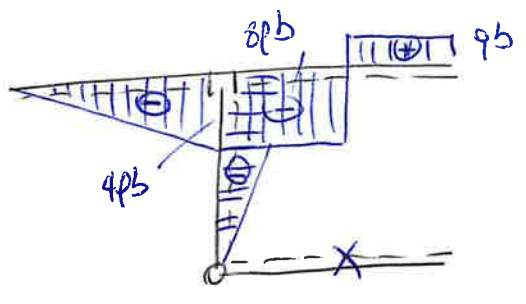
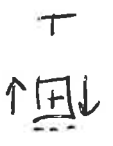
$M(x_5) = -q_b^2 + q_b x_5$

$\left. \begin{aligned} M(x_5=0) &= -q_b^2 \\ M(x_5=b) &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$

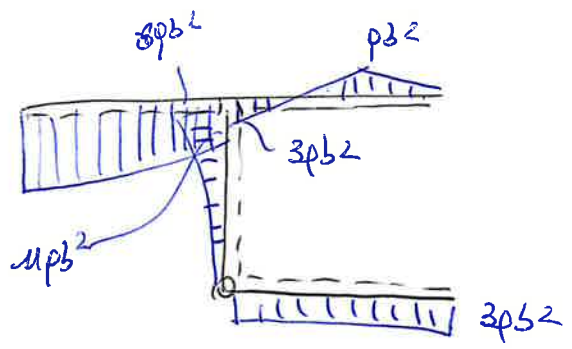
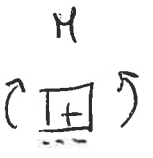
DIAGRAMMI



- $N_{AB} = 8pb$
- $N_{BC} = 0$
- $N_{CD} = 0$
- $N_{FE} = 0$
- $N_{EB} = 0$



- $T_{AB} = -2qx_1$
- $T_{BC} = -4pb$
- $T_{CD} = qb$
- $T_{FE} = 0$
- $T_{EB} = -4.9x_2$



- $M_{AB} = 15pb^2 - qx_1^2$
- $M_{BC} = 3pb^2 - 4pbx_4$
- $M_{CD} = -pb^2 + pbx_5$
- $M_{FE} = -3pb^2$
- $M_{EB} = -2qx_2^2$

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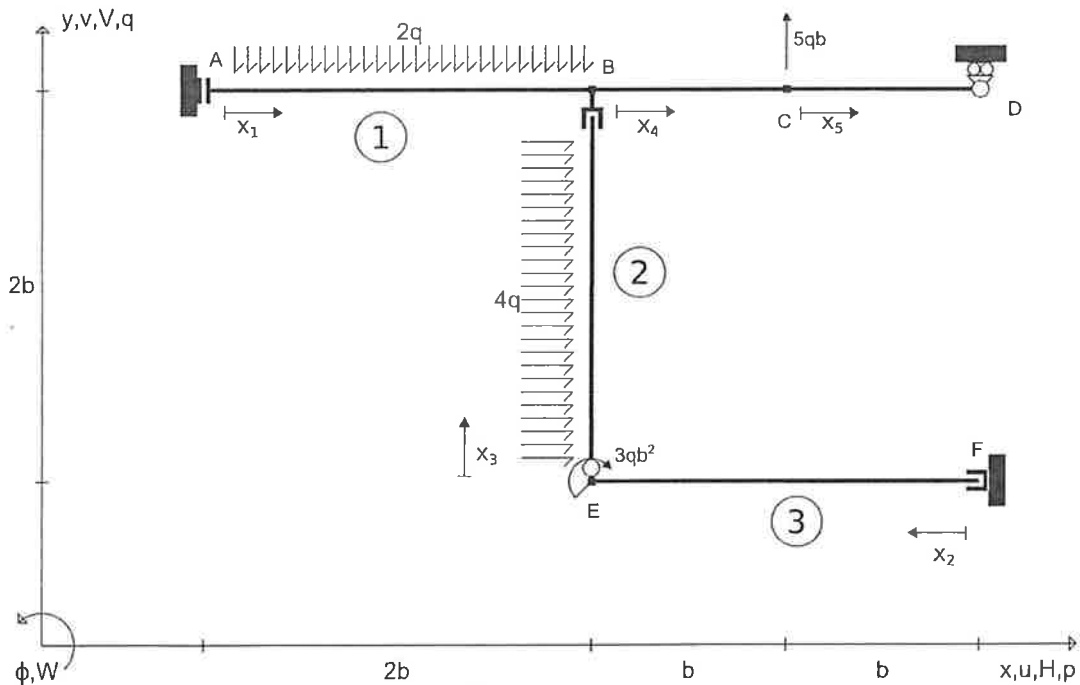
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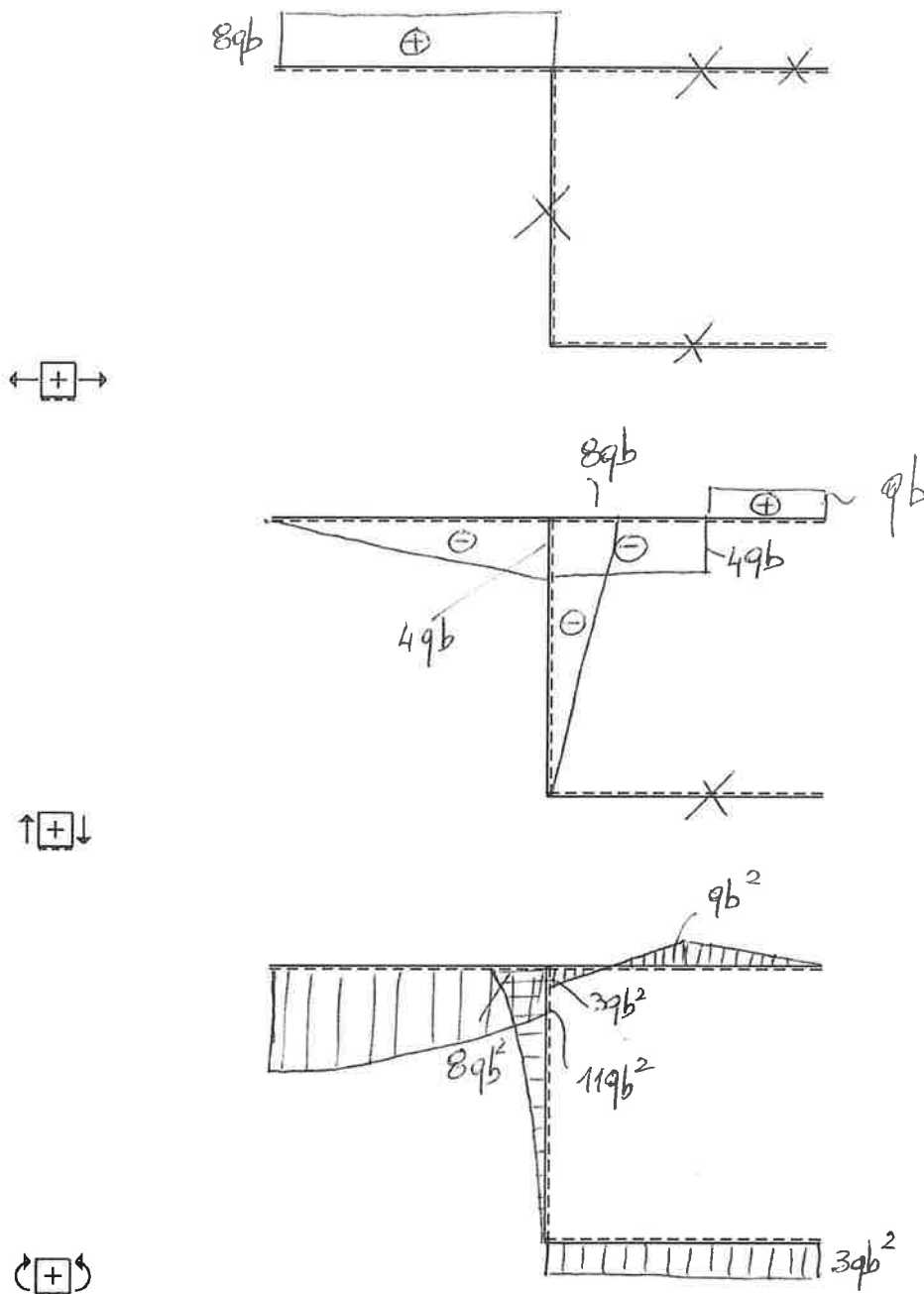
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Eq. ausiliarie: $R_y^{(2)+(3)} = 0$; $M_{Z(E)}^{(3)} = 0$

(oppure $R_y^{(1)} = 0$; $M_{Z(E)}^{(1)+(2)} = 0$)



$$\begin{aligned}
 H_A (\Rightarrow) &= \dots 8qb \dots; & M_A (\curvearrowright) &= \dots 15qb^2 \dots; & V_D (\uparrow) &= \dots -qb \dots; & V_F (\uparrow) &= \dots 0 \dots; & M_F (\curvearrowright) &= \dots 3qb^2 \dots; \\
 N_{AB} &= \dots 8qb \dots; & T_{AB} &= \dots -2qb \dots; & M_{AB} &= \dots 15qb^2 - qb^2 \dots; \\
 N_{BC} &= \dots 0 \dots; & T_{BC} &= \dots -4qb \dots; & M_{BC} &= \dots +3qb^2 - 4qb^2 \dots; \\
 N_{CD} &= \dots 0 \dots; & T_{CD} &= \dots qb \dots; & M_{CD} &= \dots -qb^2 + qb^2 \dots; \\
 N_{FE} &= \dots 0 \dots; & T_{FE} &= \dots 0 \dots; & M_{FE} &= \dots -3qb^2 \dots; \\
 N_{EB} &= \dots 0 \dots; & T_{EB} &= \dots -4qb \dots; & M_{EB} &= \dots -2qb^2 \dots;
 \end{aligned}$$