

1) $M_E = ?$

Q - DETERMINARE C_1, C_2, C_{12} (OBIETTIVO N.A)

b - TRACCIE IPOTESI NAUTA

c - $M_B = ?$, $V_D = ?$

2) $M_B = ?$

- TRACCIE IPOTESI NAUTA

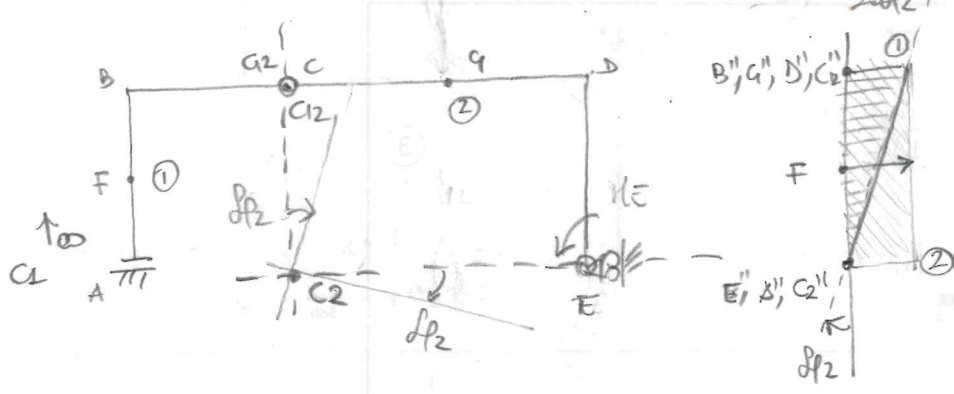
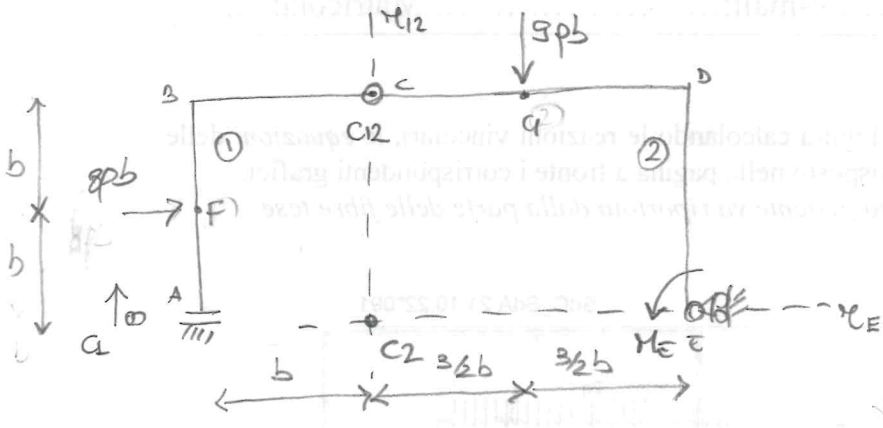
- $M_C = ?$, $V_E = ?$

1) RIDUCIAMO DI 2 GRADI IL VINCOLO IN E EVIDENZIANDO $M_E = \uparrow F \rightarrow \downarrow M_E$

$C_1 = (\infty, \infty)$

$C_{12} = (b, 2b)$

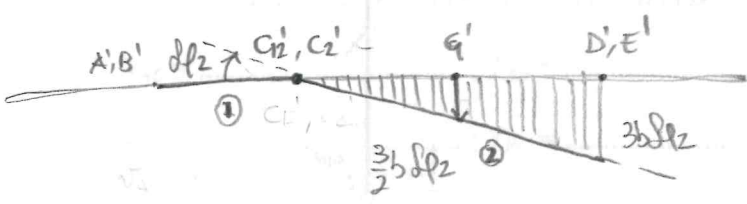
$\begin{cases} C_2 \in \pi_E \\ C_2 \in \pi_{12} \end{cases} \Rightarrow C_2 = (b, 0)$



$M_B = M_A = M_D = M_{C12} = 2b \delta p_2$

$M_F = 2b \delta p_2$ $M_G = 2b \delta p_2$

$M_A = 2b \delta p_2$, $M_{C2} = M_E = 0$



P.L.V:
 $\delta L = q b \cdot 2b \delta p_2 + 3q b \cdot \frac{3}{2} b \delta p_2 - M_E \delta p_2 = 0$

$[16 q b^2 + \frac{27}{2} q b^2 - M_E] \delta p_2 = 0 \quad \forall \delta p_2$

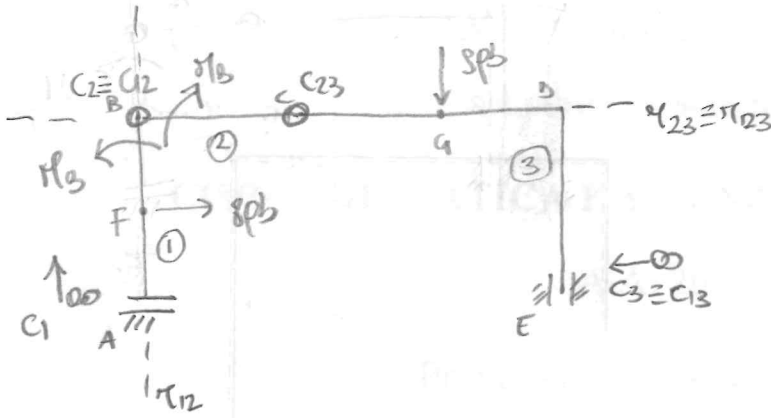
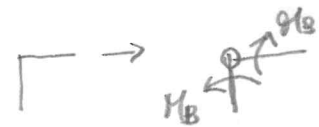
$M_E = 16 q b^2 + \frac{27}{2} q b^2 = \frac{32 + 27}{2} q b^2 = \frac{59}{2} q b^2$

$V_B = 0$ $V_{C12} = 0$ $V_G = -\frac{3}{2} b \delta p_2$ $V_D = -3b \delta p_2$
 $V_F = 0$ $V_{C2} = 0$ $V_E = -3b \delta p_2$

$M_E = \frac{59}{2} q b^2$

$V_D = -3b \delta p_2$

2) INERZIA UNA CANTILEVA INTERNA IN B



$$C_1 = (0, 0)$$

$$C_2 = (0, 2b)$$

$$C_3 = (b, 2b)$$

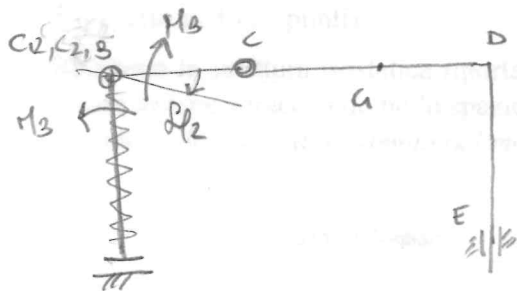
$$C_3 = (0, 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 \leftrightarrow C_2 \leftrightarrow X_2 & C_2 \in \mathcal{M}_{12} \\ C_2 \leftrightarrow C_3 \leftrightarrow X_3 & C_2 \in \mathcal{M}_{23} \end{cases} \Rightarrow C_2 = (0, 2b)$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 \leftrightarrow C_3 \leftrightarrow X_3 & C_3 \in \mathcal{M}_{13} \\ C_2 \leftrightarrow C_3 \leftrightarrow X_{13} & C_3 \in \mathcal{M}_{23} \end{cases} \Rightarrow C_3 = (0, 0)$$

① CANTILEVA FERMA

② e ③ TRASLAMO RELATIVAMENTE

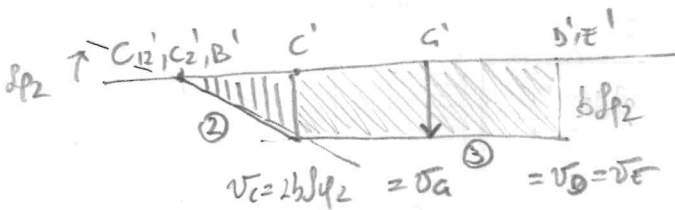


$C_2', C_2'', B', C', G', D''$

$$M_1 = 0$$

$$M_C = 0$$

$$v_D = -b q_2$$



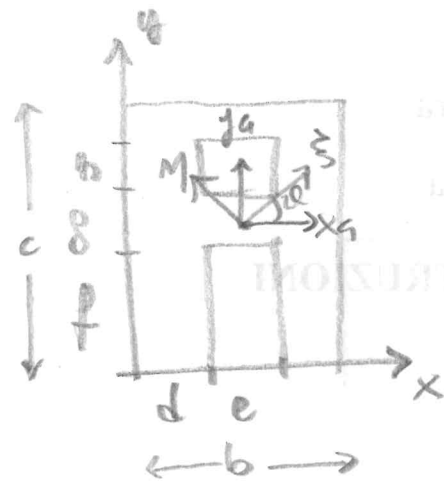
$$v_C = 2b q_2 = v_A = v_D = v_E$$

P.L.V.:

$$\delta L = q_2 b \delta p_2 + M_B \delta p_2 = 0$$

$$[q_2 b^2 + M_B] \delta p_2 = 0 \quad \forall \delta p_2$$

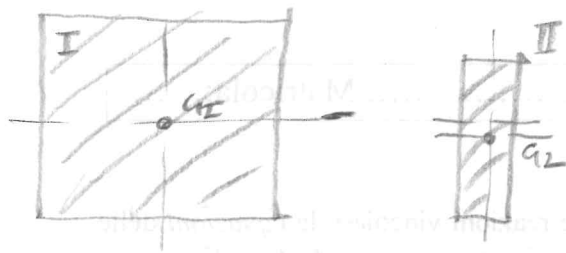
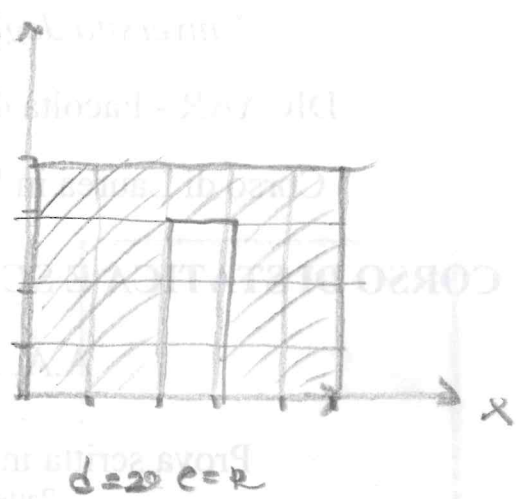
$$M_B = -q_2 b^2$$



$$b = 5e \quad h = 0$$

$$c = 4e \quad g = e$$

$$f = 3e$$



$$A_1 = b \cdot c = 20e^2$$

$$A_2 = e \cdot f = 3e^2$$

$$A = A_1 - A_2 = 17e^2$$

$$C_{II} = x_{C1} = \frac{b}{2} = 2,5e$$

$$y_{C1} = \frac{c}{2} = 2e$$

$$C_{II} = x_{C2} = \frac{e}{2} + d = 2,5e$$

$$y_{C2} = \frac{f}{2} = 1,5e$$

$$S_{x1} = A_2 \cdot y_{C2} = (3e)(1,5e) = 4,5e^3$$

$$S_{x2} = A_1 \cdot y_{C1} = (20e)(2e) = 40e^3$$

$$S_{y1} = A_2 \cdot x_{C2} = (3e)(2,5e) = 7,5e^3$$

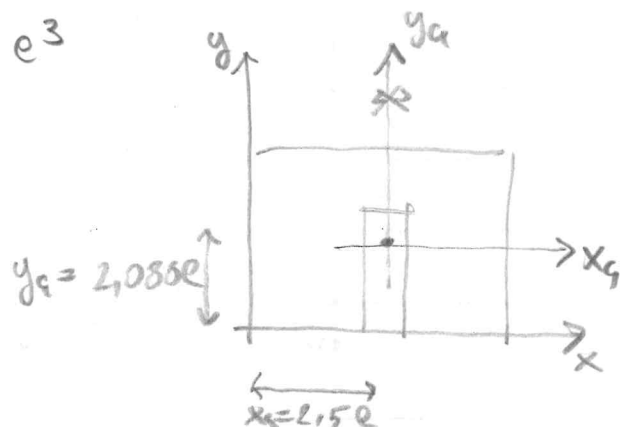
$$S_{y2} = A_1 \cdot x_{C1} = (20e)(2,5e) = 50e^3$$

$$S_x = S_{x1} - S_{x2} = 4,5e^3 - 40e^3 = -35,5e^3$$

$$S_y = S_{y1} - S_{y2} = 7,5e^3 - 50e^3 = -42,5e^3$$

$$x_G = \frac{S_y}{A} = \frac{-42,5e^3}{17e^2} = -2,5e$$

$$y_G = \frac{S_x}{A} = \frac{-35,5e^3}{17e^2} = -2,088e$$



$$J_{x_a} = \underbrace{[J_{x_1} - J_{x_2}]}_{J_x} - A y_a^2$$

$$J_{y_a} = J_{y_{a1}} - J_{y_{a2}}$$

$$J_{x_1} = \frac{B H^3}{3} \quad B=b \quad H=c \quad J_{x_1} = \frac{b \cdot c^3}{3} = \frac{(5e)(4e)^3}{3} = \frac{(5 \cdot 64)e^4}{3} = \frac{320}{3} e^4$$

$$J_{x_2} = \frac{B H^3}{3} \quad B=e \quad H=f \quad J_{x_2} = \frac{e \cdot f^3}{3} = \frac{(e)(3e)^3}{3} = \frac{27}{3} e^3$$

$$J_x = J_{x_1} - J_{x_2} = \frac{320 - 27}{3} e^4 = \frac{293}{3} e^4$$

$$J_{x_a} = J_x - A y_a^2 = \frac{293}{3} e^4 - (17e^2)(2,037e)^2 = 97,6e^4 - 74,15e^4 = 23,551$$

$$J_{y_a} = J_{y_{a1}} - J_{y_{a2}}$$

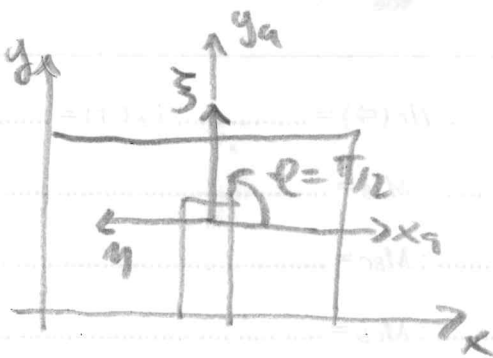
$$J_{y_{a1}} = \frac{B H^3}{12} \quad B=c \quad H=b \quad J_{y_{a1}} = \frac{c \cdot b^3}{12} = \frac{(4e)(5e)^3}{12} = \frac{(4 \cdot 125)e^4}{12} = \frac{500}{12} e^4$$

$$J_{y_{a2}} = \frac{B H^3}{12} \quad B=f \quad H=e \quad J_{y_{a2}} = \frac{f \cdot e^3}{12} = \frac{(3e)(e)^3}{12} = \frac{3}{12} e^4$$

$$J_{y_a} = \left(\frac{500 - 3}{12} \right) e^4 = \frac{497}{12} e^4 = 41,416 e^4$$

N.B. $y_1 \in \perp$ alla base di un rettangolo $\rightarrow J_{x_a y_c} = 0$

$t_{g2p} = 0 \quad \alpha = ? \quad J_{y_a} > J_{x_a} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} = 90^\circ$



$$J_z = J_{max} = J_{y_a} = 41,416 e^4$$

$$J_y = J_{min} = J_{x_a} = 23,55 e^4$$