

Facoltà di Scienze Economiche, Giuridiche e Politiche

CdL Economia e Gestione Aziendale

UNIT 6 & 7

a.a. 2014/2015

M. Antonietta Marongiu



Outline

Unit 6:

- pp. 64, 65 (there is/are) (furniture)
- pp. 66, 67 (there was/were) (prepositions of place)

Unit 7:

- Countable/uncountable nouns
- Some, any, no, a/an and food vocabulary
- How much/how many – quantifiers
- Future tenses: will & to be going to (plans & predictions)

Flats and houses

VOCABULARY BANK

p.
151

1 Rooms

Match the words and pictures.

3 the bathroom /'bɑ:θru:m/

1 the bedroom

the dining room /'daɪnɪŋ/

the garage /'gærɑ:ʒ/

the garden

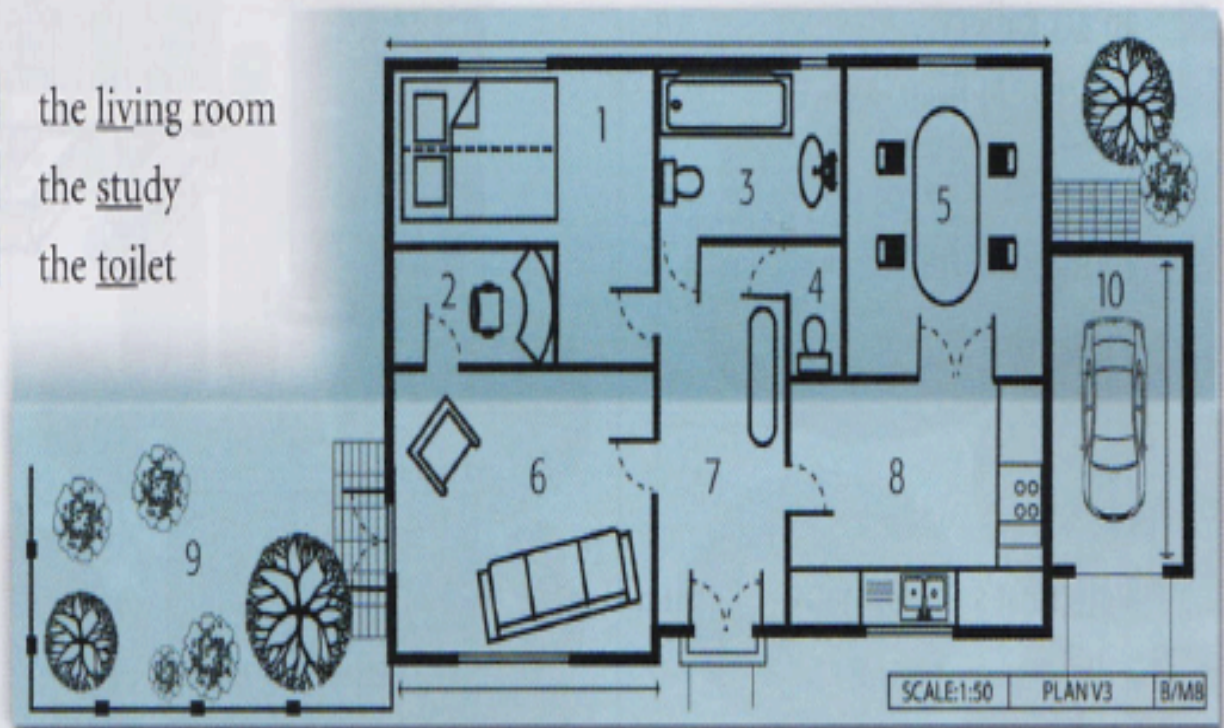
the hall /hɔ:l/

8 the kitchen /'kɪtʃɪn/

the living room

the study

the toilet



Flats and houses

VOCABULARY BANK

p.
151

1 Rooms

Match the words and pictures.

3 the bathroom /'bɑ:θru:m/

1 the bedroom

the dining room /'daɪnɪŋ/

the garage /'gærɑ:ʒ/

the garden

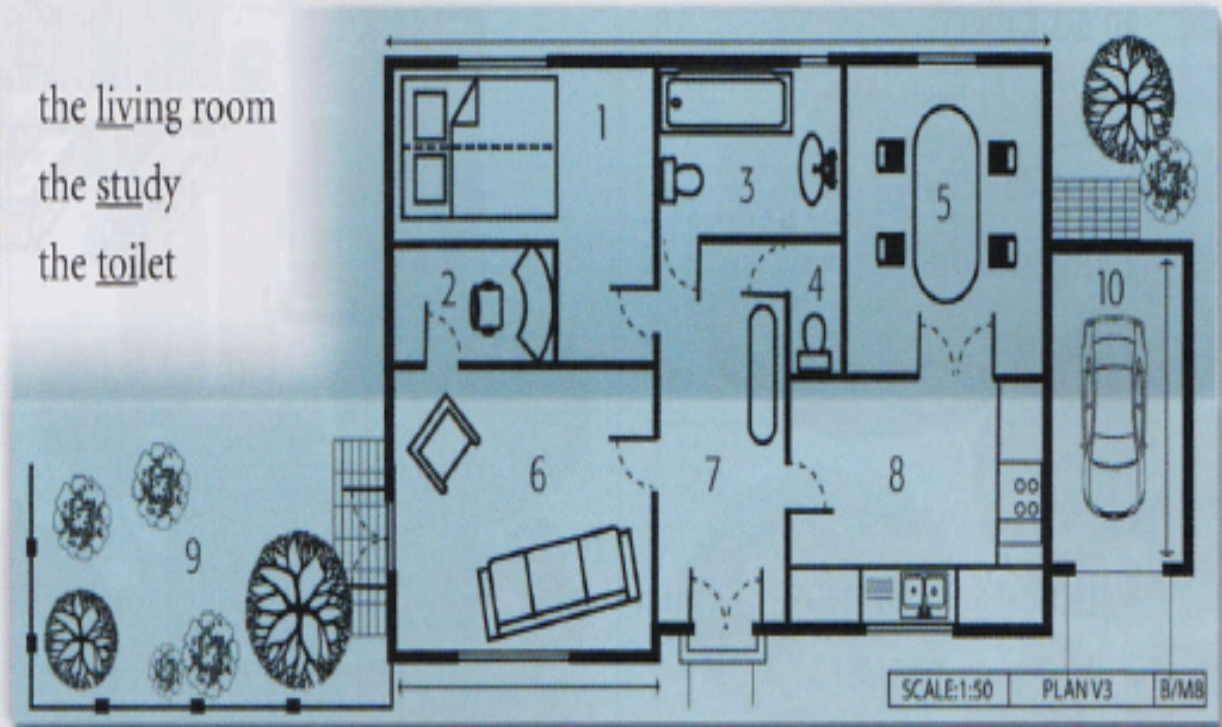
the hall /hɔ:l/

8 the kitchen /'kɪtʃɪn/

the living room

the study

the toilet



5	8
10	6
9	2
7	4

1 VOCABULARY houses and furniture

a Order the letters to make three rooms in a house.

chitken _____ redboom _____ thorobam _____

b Name two things you usually find in these rooms.

table

Chairs

Cooker

Fridge

Cupboard

dish-washer

sink

bed

wardrobe

chest of drawers

bed table

sink

Tab

shower

bidet

wc

To Rent

Beautiful country house. Very quiet. Five bedrooms, large garden. Low price.



1 VOCABULARY prepositions of place

a Match the words and pictures.

in

between

in front of

opposite

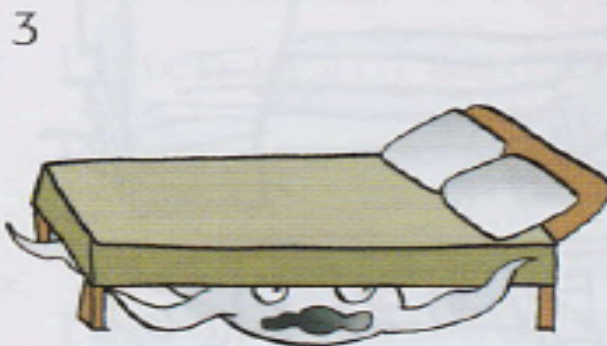
on

next to

under

over

behind



1 VOCABULARY prepositions of place

a Match the words and pictures.

in

in front of

on

under

behind

between

opposite

next to

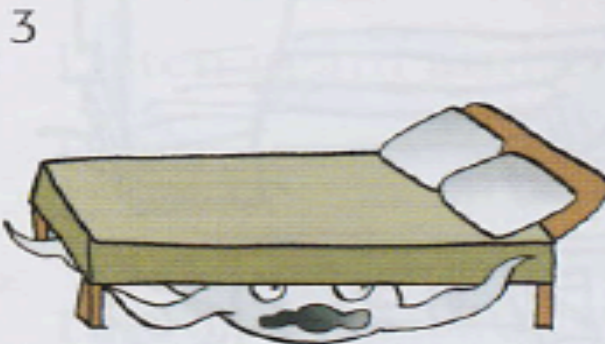
over

1 Behind

2 in

3 under

4 over



a Match the words and pictures.

in

between

in front of

opposite

on

next to

under

over

behind

5



6



7



8



9



a Match the words and pictures.

in

in front of

on

under

behind

between

opposite

next to

over

5 in front of
6 next to
7 between
8 opposite
9 on

5



6



7



8



9



6.2 Larry and Louise and the estate agent go upstairs. Listen. What problem is there with one of the bedrooms? Do they decide to rent the house?

Track 50

GRAMMAR *there is / there are*

Read the dialogue in 2c. Complete the chart.

singular	plural
<input type="checkbox"/> + There's a piano.	There _____ some glasses in the cupboard.
<input type="checkbox"/> - There _____ a fridge	There aren't any showers.
<input type="checkbox"/> ? _____ a TV?	_____ any glasses?

6.2 Larry and Louise and the estate agent go upstairs. Listen. What problem is there with one of the bedrooms? Do they decide to rent the house?

Track 51

GRAMMAR *there is / there are*

Read the dialogue in 2c. Complete the chart.

singular	plural
<input type="checkbox"/> + There's a piano.	There <u>are</u> some glasses in the cupboard.
<input type="checkbox"/> - There <u>Isn't</u> a fridge	There aren't any showers.
<input type="checkbox"/> ? <u>Is there</u> a TV?	<u>Are there</u> any glasses?

There is, there are

- We use **there is (singular)/there are (plural)** to mean that something is present (c'è, ci sono)

Examples:

- *There is a white car on this road. It's a sports car.*
- *There are some new shoes for you. They are here.*

There was, there were

- We use **there was (singular)/there were (plural)** to mean that something was present (c'era, c'erano)

Examples:

- *There was a big buffalo on the side of the road.*
- *There were some beautiful flowers in that garden.*

there was / there were

	Singular	Plural
<input type="checkbox"/> +	There was an old TV.	There were only three guests.
<input type="checkbox"/> -	There wasn't a remote control.	There weren't any more people.
<input type="checkbox"/> ?	Was there a ghost?	Were there any lights?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes, there was . No, there wasn't .	Yes, there were . No, there weren't .

- *there was / were* is the past of *there is / are*.

there is / there are

	Singular	Plural
<input type="checkbox"/> +	There's a piano.	There are some glasses in the cupboard.
<input type="checkbox"/> -	There isn't a fridge.	There aren't any pictures.
<input type="checkbox"/> ?	Is there a TV?	Are there any glasses?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes, there is . No, there isn't .	Yes, there are . No, there aren't .

- We often use *there is / are* with *a / an, some, and any*.
- Use *some* and *any* with plural nouns. *Some* = not an exact number.
- Use *some* in + sentences and *any* in - and ?.

1 VOCABULARY food

a Look at the picture. Write the missing letters.
What did Laura have to eat and drink yesterday?

She had an apple, ...



Unit 7

p. 76



- 1 an apple
- 2 a anana
- 3 some utter
- 4 an gg
- 5 some eat
- 6 some ice
- 7 some ugar
- 8 a omato
- 9 a iscuit
- 10 some offee

1 VOCABULARY food

a Look at the picture. Write the missing letters.
What did Laura have to eat and drink yesterday?

She had an apple, ...



Unit 7 p. 76



- 1 an apple
- 2 a banana
- 3 some butter
- 4 an egg
- 5 some meat
- 6 some rice
- 7 some Sugar
- 8 a tomato
- 9 a biscuit
- 10 some Coffee

b Food words are countable or uncountable. Write the words in the correct column.

countable nouns
(singular or plural)

an apple

uncountable nouns
(singular)

some butter

b Food words are countable or uncountable. Write the words in the correct column.

countable nouns
(singular or plural)

uncountable nouns
(singular)

an apple

some butter

a banana

some meat

an egg

some rice

a tomato

some sugar

a biscuit

some coffee

Countable/uncountable nouns

Countable nouns can be counted:

I have one apple vs. I have three apples

	<u>singular</u>	<u>plural</u>
e.g.,	spoon	spoons
	glass	glasses
	bottle	bottles
	cup	cups

Uncountable or **mass nouns** cannot be counted:
they only have a singular form:

○ e.g., water, tea, cheese, chocolate, wine

a Match the words and pictures.



Breakfast

WHAT DID YOU HAVE FOR BREAKFAST THIS MORNING?

Breakfast

- bread /bred/
- 8 btter
- cereal /'siəriəl/
- cheese
- 2 coffee
- 12 eggs
- jam /dʒæm/
- (or)ange juice /dʒu:s/
- milk
- 6 sugar /'ʃʊgə/
- tea
- toast

WHAT DID YOU HAVE FOR LUNCH / DINNER THIS MORNING?



- fish
- ketchup
- 23 meat (steak and chicken)
- (olive) oil
- pasta
- 19 rice
- a salad /'sæləd/

Vegetables /'vedʒtəblz/

- carrots /'kærəts/
- chips (French fries)
- a lettuce /'letɪs/
- mushrooms
- an onion /'ʌnjən/
- peas /pi:z/
- potatoes /pə'teɪtəʊz/
- 21 tomatoes /tə'mɑ:təʊz/

DID YOU HAVE ANY TODAY?



Desserts / snacks /dɪ'zɜ:tɪs/

37 biscuits /'bɪskɪts/

cake

chocolate /'tʃɒklət/

crisps

fruit salad

ice cream

sandwiches

sweets

Fruit /fru:t/

29 apples

28 bananas

grapes

oranges

a pineapple

Countable/uncountable nouns

Additionally,

- *Countable* nouns are *Concrete* = material things (that can be observed and measured: a cat, a desk).
- *Uncountable* nouns are *Abstract* = ideas, feelings, conditions (death, hope).
- Then ...

...

Count nouns refer to individual, countable entities. They cannot stand alone in the singular, and they allow a plural:

→ ***interest–interests; share–shares.***

Non-count (uncount/mass) n.s

- refer to an undifferentiated mass or notion,
- can stand alone in the singular,
- do not allow a plural,
- occur in the singular with some/any:

→ ***money; language; music***

Some examples

Countable

meeting, ticket

time

trip, flight, journey

location

questionnaire

network

Uncountable

money

time

transport

accommodation

research

information

Determiners: Some/any, no, a/an

indefinite pronouns: Some/any/no

○ **Some** in affirmative sentences (requests & offers) with countable and uncountable nouns

- There are some cakes at the party
- There aren't any cakes
- Can I give you some wine?
- Did you buy any bread?
- Would you like some coffee?
- Do you have any tea?

determiners

- **Any** in negative and interrogative sentences:
 - *I don't have any butter left,*
 - *Have you got any milk at home?*
- **No** in negative sentences (without “not”):
 - *There is no food in the fridge*
- **a/an** (the indefinite article) w/ singular nouns:
 - *Can I have a bottle of water?*
 - *I have no room left*
- Exercises pp. 76-77, 135

Exercizes p. 135

a Write *a*, *an*, or *some* + a food / drink word.

1 some cereal

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

6 _____

7 _____

8 _____

9 _____

10 _____



Exercizes p. 135

a Write *a*, *an*, or *some* + a food / drink word.

1 some cereal

2 AN ORANGE

3 A BISCUIT

4 SOME PEAS

5 AN ICE-CREAM

6 A SLICE OF CAKE

7 SOME COFFEE

8 SOME CHEESE

9 SOME FRENCH FRIES

10 AN PINEAPPLE



Exercizes p. 135

b Complete the dialogue with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.

A I invited my sister for dinner. Is that OK?

B No, it isn't. We don't have any food!

A There are ¹ _____ eggs and ² _____ cheese.
I can make ³ _____ omelette.

B There aren't ⁴ _____ eggs. I had the last two.

A We can make ⁵ _____ pasta. Are there ⁶ _____ tomatoes?

B Yes. And there's ⁷ _____ onion. What about drink? Is there
⁸ _____ wine?

A Yes, there's ⁹ _____ bottle of red wine. And there's
¹⁰ _____ Coke too.

Exercizes p. 135

b Complete the dialogue with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.

A I invited my sister for dinner. Is that OK?

B No, it isn't. We don't have any food!

A There are ¹ SOME eggs and ² SOME cheese.
I can make ³ AN omelette.

B There aren't ⁴ ANY eggs. I had the last two.

A We can make ⁵ SOME pasta. Are there ⁶ ANY tomatoes?

B Yes. And there's ⁷ AN onion. What about drink? Is there
⁸ ANY wine?

A Yes, there's ⁹ A bottle of red wine. And there's
¹⁰ A Coke too.

How much/how many??

p. 134

= *quanto/a?* & *quante/e*

how much / how many?

Uncountable (singular)	Full answers	Short answers
How much water do you drink?	I drink a lot of water. I drink quite a lot of water. I don't drink much water. I don't drink any water.	A lot. Quite a lot. Not much. None.
Countable (plural)		
How many sweets did you eat?	I ate a lot of sweets. I ate quite a lot of sweets. I didn't eat many sweets. I didn't eat any sweets.	A lot. Quite a lot. Not many. None.

quantifiers

- A big quantity:
 - a lot of & lots of (C & U.),
 - much (U.), many (C.),
 - quite a lot (C. & U.).
 - Much & many (usually in negative and interrogative sentences):
 - *I don't have much money.*
- A small quantity: not ... much & not ... many
- Zero quantity: not ... any
 - *I don't have any eggs left.*

Exercises p. 135

a Complete with *How much* / *How many*.

How much fruit do you eat?

- 1 _____ people were there at the party?
- 2 _____ milk does she drink?
- 3 _____ coffee did you drink yesterday?
- 4 _____ eggs are there in the fridge?
- 5 _____ cents are there in a euro?
- 6 _____ money do you have with you?
- 7 _____ hours does your baby usually sleep?
- 8 _____ free time do you have during the week?

Exercises p. 135

a Complete with *How much* / *How many*.

How much fruit do you eat?

1 How many people were there at the party?

2 How much milk does she drink?

3 How much coffee did you drink yesterday?

4 How many eggs are there in the fridge?

5 How many cents are there in a euro?

6 How much money do you have with you?

7 How many hours does your baby usually sleep?

8 How much free time do you have during the week?

Exercises p. 135

b ~~Cross out~~ the wrong words.

I don't eat **much** / **many** apples.

1 I eat **a lot of** / **much** fruit.

2 Do you drink **much** / **many** water?

3 We don't buy **much** / **many** vegetables.

4 A How much meat do you eat?

B **None** / **Any**. I'm a vegetarian.

5 I eat **quite a lot of** / **quite** fish.

6 A How much exercise do you do?

B **No much** / **Not much**.

Exercises p. 135

b ~~Cross out~~ the wrong words.

I don't eat **much** / **many** apples.

- 1 I eat **a lot of** / ~~**much**~~ fruit.
- 2 Do you drink **much** / ~~**many**~~ water?
- 3 We don't buy ~~**much**~~ / **many** vegetables.
- 4 A How much meat do you eat?
B **None** / ~~**Any**~~. I'm a vegetarian.
- 5 I eat **quite a lot of** / ~~**quite**~~ fish.
- 6 A How much exercise do you do?
B ~~**No much**~~ / **Not much**.

Future forms: introduction

- *Will + infinitive* – instant decisions, offers, promises, predictions
- *To be going to* – plans, predictions
- *Present continuous* with future value, similar to be going to

Will + infinitive

– e.g., will + cook

Contracted	Negative	Interrogative	Interrogative negative
I'll cook	I won't cook (I will not cook)	Will I cook?	Won't I cook?
You/he/she/ it/we/they'll cook	You/he/she/ it/we/they won't cook	Will you/he/ she/it/we/ they cook?	Won't you/ he/she/it/we/ they cook?

will

- **Instant decisions:** I'll give you a ride to the party
- **Offers:** I'll help you with that homework
- **Promises:** I'll do it tomorrow
- **Predictions:** I think sales will increase

To be going to

The verb *to be* in the present + *going* + *to* + *infinitive* of the lexical verb

Contracted	Negative	Interrogative	Interrogative negative
I'm going to travel	I'm not going to travel	Am I going to travel?	Aren't we going to travel?
he/she/it's going to travel	he/she/it isn't going to travel	Is he/she/it going to travel?	Isn't he/she/it going to travel?
You/we/they're going to travel	You/we/they aren't going to travel	Are you/we/they going to travel?	Aren't you/we/they going to travel?

To be going to

- **Future plans** – I'm going to go to the US next month, I'm going to talk to him tomorrow
- **Predictions** – I think it's going to rain (because it's cloudy and it's very possible/probable that it's going to rain)
- Exercises p. 135
- Reading comprehension pp. 82-83

Exercizes p. 135

a Write sentences about Susan's holiday plans.

She's going to go to Rome. (go)

- 1 _____ Italian. (speak)
- 2 _____ a hotel. (stay in)
- 3 _____ photos. (take)
- 4 _____ spaghetti. (eat)
- 5 _____ Colosseum. (see)



Exercizes p. 135

a Write sentences about Susan's holiday plans.

She's going to go to Rome. (go)

- 1 She's going to speak Italian. (speak)
- 2 She's going to stay in a hotel. (stay in)
- 3 She's going to take photos. (take)
- 4 She's going to eat spaghetti. (eat)
- 5 She's going to see the Colosseum. (see)



Exercizes p. 135

Write predictions for the pictures.

1 *It's going to* _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____



Exercizes p. 135

Write predictions for the pictures.

1 It's going to rain

2 She is going to have a baby

3 He is going to fall down

4 They are going to play tennis



homework

- Food vocabulary
- Complete the Instructions on p. 85 and write instructions to make your favourite sandwich/dish