

Grammar activity answers

Introduction

What do you remember?

2 a 3 b 4 c 5 c 6 a 7 b 8 c 9 a 10 a 11 a
12 b 13 a 14 b 15 a 16 c 17 c 18 b 19 b 20 a

Introduction

Don't make these mistakes!

- 2 I was born
- 3 've lived
- 4 wife's name's Emilia
- 5 We don't have any children
- 6 get on with them
- 7 we'd like to have
- 8 We're looking for a flat
- 9 Emilia is a translator
- 10 work very hard
- 11 don't have to do
- 12 they look after the house
- 13 much free time
- 14 enjoy doing
- 15 I used to play
- 16 I don't have enough time
- 17 I want to get
- 18 I have to speak
- 19 I often make mistakes
- 20 I'm going to go
- 21 to do

1A present simple and continuous, action and non-action verbs

- a 2 I'm doing 3 do you come 4 do you have 5 It depends
6 Do you know 7 Do you mean 8 I'm getting ready
9 are you living 10 I'm staying 11 are you doing 12 want
- b 2 'm buying 3 don't like 4 depends 5 gets 6 do
7 sounds 8 Do (you) have to 9 have 10 doesn't work
11 meet 12 Do (you) want 13 need 14 is staying

1B future forms: present continuous, be going to, will / won't

- 2 're having ('re going to have' also possible)
- 3 'm going to look for
- 4 'm having / 'm going to have
- 5 'm going to be / 'll be
- 6 's going to fall / 'll fall
- 7 won't tell
- 8 'll check
- 9 's going to pass / 'll
- 10 're going ('re going to go' also possible)
- 11 Shall I turn
- 12 won't be
- 13 'm introducing / 'm going to introduce
- 14 'm going ('m going to go' also possible)
- 15 'll live / 're going to live

2A present perfect and past simple

- a 2 I've been 3 did you go 4 finished 5 I've been
6 did you go 7 went
- b 1 2 had 3 did you meet 4 was 5 went 6 've known
7 got 8 were you 9 've just met
- 2 1 did you go 2 didn't leave 3 came 4 Have you finished
5 sent 6 've just made 7 've already had

2B present perfect + for / since, present perfect continuous

- a 2 She's been playing the violin for two hours.
3 She hasn't been feeling well since last week.
4 They've been waiting for the bus for a long time.
5 It's been raining all day.
6 They've been watching TV since they got home.
- b 2 A have the children been doing
B 've been doing, for
3 A have you been going out
B 've been going out since
4 A has Penny been
B 's been single since
5 A have you had
B 've had, for
6 A has Pete been trying
B 's been trying since
7 A has your sister wanted
B 's wanted, since
8 A have you known
B 've known, for

3A choosing between comparatives and superlatives

- 3 ✓
- 4 more comfortable than
- 5 younger than
- 6 ✓
- 7 ✓
- 8 more modern than
- 9 better than
- 10 ✓
- 11 the most beautiful beach I've ever been
- 12 the worst actor
- 13 ✓
- 14 the best city in the world
- 15 cheaper
- 16 ✓
- 17 hotter
- 18 the same school as
- 19 ✓
- 20 ✓

3B articles: a / an, the, no article

- 3 - 4 the 5 - 6 the 7 - 8 The 9 a 10 an
11 - 12 an 13 - 14 -/- 15 the/- 16 a/-
17 -/- 18 an/the 19 a/a/The/the 20 -/-

4A obligation and prohibition: *have to, must, should*

- a 3 don't have to
4 ✓
5 have to
6 doesn't have to
7 mustn't
8 mustn't
9 should
10 had to
11 ✓
12 shouldn't
- b 2 mustn't
3 don't have to
4 must / have to
5 don't have to
6 must / have to
7 mustn't
8 must / have to

4B ability and possibility: *can, could, be able to*

- a 2 be able to
3 both possible
4 both possible
5 being able to
6 both possible
- b 2 couldn't
3 be able to
4 can
5 been able to
6 couldn't
7 being able to
8 can't
9 be able to
10 be able to
11 can't
12 Being able to

5A past tenses: simple, continuous, perfect

- 2 'd bought 3 was still feeling 4 didn't have
5 didn't matter 6 knew 7 had always wanted 8 called
9 told 10 was 11 was shining 12 was driving
13 were chatting 14 saw 15 had flown 16 tried
17 started 18 disappeared 19 felt 20 had stung
21 was driving 22 crashed

5B past and present habits and states

- 2 They used to live in Paris, but now they live in Chicago.
3 They used to eat takeaway food, but now they (usually) eat home-made food.
4 They used to live in a house with friends, but now they live in a penthouse flat with their dog.
5 They used to go camping, but now they (usually) stay in five-star hotels.
6 They didn't use to play sport. Now, they both cycle at the weekend and Thomas often plays golf.
7 They used to ride bikes, but now they drive a sports car.
8 They used to wear second-hand clothes, but now they (usually) wear designer clothes.
9 They used to get up late and go out at night with friends. Now, they (usually) stay in, cook, and watch TV.
10 They used to have lots of friends, but now they have just a few close ones.

6A passive (all tenses)

- a 2 is watched
3 be shot
4 was being interviewed
5 Has (the thief) been caught
6 Have (you ever) been told
7 has been robbed
8 had already been made
9 is being painted
10 wasn't offered
11 be returned
12 had been stolen
- b 2 is known
3 plays
4 was directed
5 is hit
6 lose
7 lands
8 is killed
9 are rescued
10 believes
11 received
12 was nominated

6B modals of deduction: *might, can't, must*

- a 2 might
3 must
4 can't
5 can't
6 may
- b 1 can't / might not, must
2 can't, might, might, might
3 can't, must / might, might
4 can't, must

7A first conditional and future time clauses + *when, until, etc*

- 2 'll have to 3 won't be able to 4 rains 5 is 6 'll have
7 don't forget 8 get 9 'll call 10 arrive 11 goes
12 will you let 13 'll leave 14 finishes 15 send 16 're
17 Will you come 18 have 19 won't come 20 's 21 leave
22 'll tidy 23 get 24 won't be 25 looks

7B second conditional, choosing between conditionals

- a 3 'd have 4 lived 5 'd have 6 came 7 brought
8 'd have 9 'd be able to / could 10 was / were 11 moved
12 'd take 13 went 14 wouldn't take 15 'd feel
16 didn't have to 17 would laugh 18 asked
- b 2 'd buy 3 goes 4 reduce 5 'd take 6 gets
7 weren't / wasn't 8 found 9 'll never finish 10 will be

8A choosing between gerunds and infinitives

- 2 calling 3 to speak 4 not to buy 5 going 6 to look after
7 do 8 Doing 9 to study 10 drawing 11 to work
12 to go 13 doing 14 to hear 15 studying 16 arriving
17 cooking 18 to like 19 Eating, sleep 20 to give

8B reported speech: sentences and questions

- a
- 2 was
 - 3 had been
 - 4 hadn't been
 - 5 had started
 - 6 had enjoyed
 - 7 had loved
 - 8 had been able to
 - 9 he was going to be
 - 10 depended
 - 11 would be
 - 12 had to
- b
- 2 if there was too much violence in films
 - 3 who the most difficult actor he had ever worked with was /
who was the most difficult actor he had ever worked with
 - 4 what a young person who wanted to go into acting should do
 - 5 when he was going to retire

9A third conditional

- a
- 2 have missed the start of the film if you'd been here on time.
 - 3 'd seen the sign, they wouldn't have sat down.
 - 4 have finished the race if she hadn't fallen over.
 - 5 'd taken my umbrella, I wouldn't have got wet.
 - 6 have crashed if he'd stopped at the red light.
- b
- 2 'd known, 'd have taken
 - 3 'd have enjoyed, 'd gone
 - 4 'd been, wouldn't have woken up
 - 5 wouldn't have opened, 'd known
 - 6 Would you have gone, 'd invited

9B quantifiers

- 2 much 3 loud enough 4 a few 5 any 6 less
7 loads of 8 early enough 9 too 10 plenty of
11 very little 12 lots of 13 many 14 a lot 15 many
16 none 17 fewer 18 too 19 a few 20 no

10A relative clauses: defining and non-defining

- a
- 2 which 3 which 4 which 5 which 6 who 7 which
 - 8 whose 9 who 10 which 11 where 12 which
- b
- Sentences in which you could also use *that*: 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12.
Sentences in which you could leave out *who* or *which*: 2, 3, 4, 5, 10
- c
- 2 which many people think is the capital of Australia
 - 3 where my grandmother used to work
 - 4 whose best known painting is *Guernica*
 - 5 which hit the city of New Orleans
 - 6 who died when he was 35

10B question tags

- 2 do you 3 weren't we 4 was it 5 is he 6 do they
7 have you 8 isn't it 9 won't you 10 isn't she
11 does she 12 didn't we 13 are you 14 have you
15 wouldn't you