#### Facoltà di Scienze Economiche, Giuridiche e Politiche

# CdL Economia e Gestione Aziendale UNIT 4

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#### **Outline**

Review of Units 1-2: pp. 18-19,

### New Input:

#### Unit 3

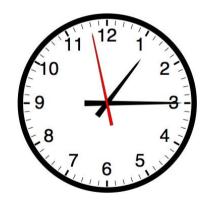
- ➤ Telling the time
- ➤ Prepositions of time
- >Jobs/Occupations

#### Unit 4

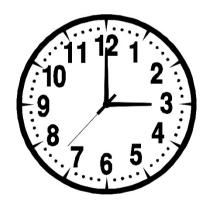
- ➤ The family
- ➤ Object pronouns
- ➤ Possessive pronouns
- Everyday activities

# WHAT TIME IS IT?









READING COMPREHENSION p. 30

# Telling the time: what time is it?

- It's + time: it's half past seven (BrE)
- vs. it's seven thirty (AmE) (7.30)
- Also: What's the time?
- At is used to introduce when:
- I get up AT 7 o'clock
- It's five PAST nine (9.05),
- it's twenty-five TO ten (9.35)

#### a Match the clocks and phrases.



# Prepositions of time

IN	AT
In + part of the day (in the morning, in	At + night, at + midnight, at + midday
the afternoon, in the evening)	At + lunchtime
In + year (in 1983)	At + the weekend
In + month (in September)	At + hour (at 3 o'clock)
In + the + seasons (in the winter)	At + holiday (at Christmas, at Easter, at
	new Year)
ON	/
On + date (on July 17th, on March 13th	Next
1972)	Last
On + week day (on Monday)	Tomorrow
On + week day + part of the day (on	Today
Tuesday morning)	
On + my birthday	
On + Christmas Day, on + Easter Day	

# P. 131 Exercise n. 4B Prepositions of time

#### **4B**

a Complete with in, on, or at.

#### 

SUBJ.	FREQ. ADVERB	VERB	
I YOU SHE / HE / IT WE THEY	Always Often usually Sometimes Seldom Never Hardly ever	get up have lunch take a shower do my homework go to work go out with friends go jogging have dinner go to bed	+ in/at/on (time)  + in the morning + at 1.00pm + on Christmas

Gli avverbi di frequenza vanno **tra** il soggetto e il verbo. Solo con il verbo *to be* l'avverbio va dopo:

✓ I am ALWAYS tired in the evenings

### Exercise n 4C, p. 131

#### 4C

a Put the adverb or expression of frequency in the right place.

They drive – they don't have a car. **never** They never drive – they don't have a car.

- 1 Do you wear glasses? usually
- 2 I'm bored. hardly ever
- 3 She does housework. sometimes
- 4 We go to the cinema. once a week \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Why are you late? always
- 6 I walk to work. every day
- 7 My girlfriend is stressed. never
- 8 Does it rain in the winter? often

# Exercise n. 4C, p. 131

- always she at six up gets She always gets up at six.
- 1 for late never I am class
- 2 eat ever fast hardly we food
- 3 what work you usually time do finish?
- 4 parents radio often the my listen don't to
- 5 always brother lunchtime is my hungry at
- 6 don't homework always our we do
- 7 you work every day to do drive ?

# Prepositions of place

#### Movement and place

- 1 He goes to work at 8.00.
- 2 He has lunch at work. He works in an office.
- 1 We use to for movement or direction: She goes to the gym. NOT She goes at the gym. We don't use to before home: go home NOT go to home
- 2 We use at and in for position.
- We use at + work, home, school, university.
- We use in + other places: a flat, an office, a room, etc.
- We can use in or at with some public places: a restaurant, the cinema, etc.
   On Saturdays he usually has lunch in / at a restaurant.

# P. 131 Exercise n. 4B, b Prepositions of Movement and Place

**b** Complete with to, at, in or -. We go <u>to</u> school by bus. They get \_\_\_ home late. 1 Sorry, John's not here. He's \_\_\_\_ work. 2 It's a lovely day. Let's go \_\_\_\_ the beach. 3 Sally's boyfriend works \_\_\_\_ an office. 4 My brother studies maths \_\_\_\_ the University of Manchester. 5 I go \_\_\_\_ the gym on Tuesdays and Thursdays. 6 What time do you go \_\_\_\_ home? 7 We live \_\_\_\_ a flat. 8 It's Monday. The children are \_\_\_\_ school. 9 My father's a doctor. He works \_\_\_\_ a hospital. 10 Jack isn't \_\_\_\_ home. He's on holiday. **⋖** p.31

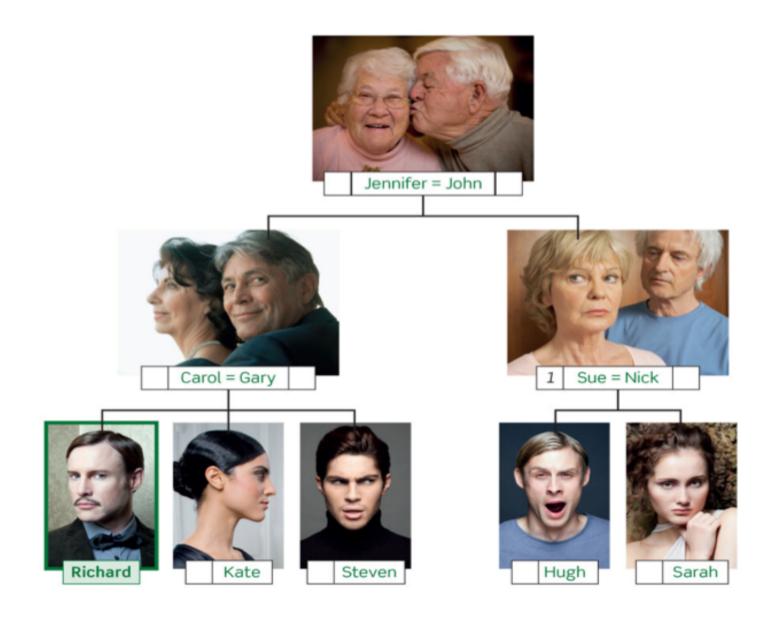
# The family

#### P. 155

- a Look at the two family trees. Number the people in relation to Richard.
  - 1 aunt /gint/
  - 2 brother /'brʌðə/
  - 3 cousin /'kazn/
  - 4 daughter /'doxto/
  - 5 father /'fa:ðə/
  - 6 grandfather /ˈgrænfɑːðə/
  - 7 grandmother /ˈgrænmʌðə/
  - 8 mother /'mʌðə/
  - 9 <u>nephew</u> /'nefju:/
  - 10 niece /ni:s/
  - 11 <u>sister</u> /'sistə/
  - 12 son /san/
  - 13 uncle /'aŋkl/
  - 14 wife /waif/

- **b** Complete 1–3 with *children*, grandparents, parents.
  - 1 my father and my mother =
    my \_\_\_\_\_/pearants/
  - 2 my grandfather and my grandmother = my \_\_\_\_\_/grænpeərənts/
  - 3 my son and my daughter =
    my \_\_\_\_\_/tfildrən/

# Vocabulary Bank: A Family Tree



#### p. 160



## Everyday Activities, p. 156

a Match the verbs and pictures.

#### Suzy Stressed

- have a shower
- have a coffee
- do the housework
- start work at 8.30
- finish work at 6.30
- get dressed
- 1 wake up at 7.00
- have lunch at work
- go shopping
- go to bed late
- have <u>pi</u>zza for <u>di</u>nner
- get home late
- go to work by bus
- watch TV and check emails

## Henry Healthy



#### Henry Healthy

- go to I<u>ta</u>lian <u>cla</u>sses
- do I<u>ta</u>lian <u>home</u>work
- 1 get up at 8.00
- have breakfast
- do exercise
- go home <u>ear</u>ly
- walk to work
- re<u>lax</u>
- take the dog for a walk
- sleep for eight hours
- make the dinner
- have a bath

# Like + v-ing

- VERBS EXPRESSING EMOTIONS: like, enjoy, love, hate, don't mind + V.-ing
- I love reading books,
- I like playing football,
- I enjoy watching crime stories,
- I hate driving in the rain,
- I don't mind wearing those shoes
- The same for: <u>start</u>, <u>begin</u>, <u>end</u>, <u>finish</u>, <u>stop</u>

# Gerund: V-ing

- talk talking,
- dream dreaming,
- study studying,
- stay staying,
- love loving (the –e disappears),
- drive driving

#### p. 129 Grammar Bank

4B

a Write the -ing form of the verbs in the chart.

write run talk play have sit get cook make swim study phone

work working	live living	shop shopping
	writing	-telyrata
		Boyll .
		bulomz   - pit
	H. Saway and	asggaiz

#### p. 129 Grammar Bank

4B

a Write the -ing form of the verbs in the chart.

write run talk play have sit get cook make swim study phone

work working	live living	shop shopping
Talking Playing cooking studying	having making swimming phoning	running Sitting getting

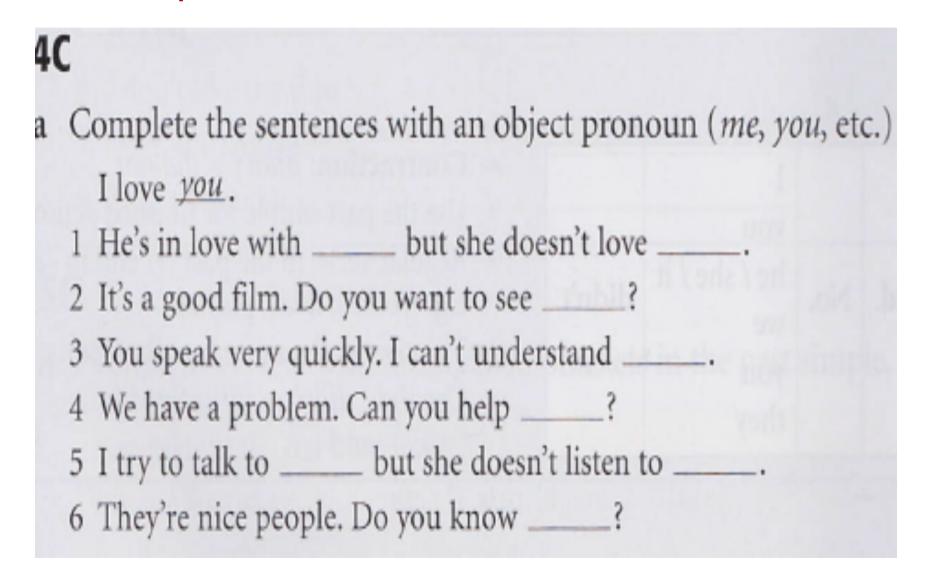
# Object pronouns

- replace nouns
- go **after** the verb or a preposition (with, at, of, from, to ...):

SUBJECT PRONOUNS	OBJECT PRONOUNS
I	ME
YOU	YOU
HE	HIM
SHE	HER
IT	IT
WE	US
YOU	YOU
THEY	THEM

I call her, I go with them

#### p. 129 Grammar Bank



#### p. 134-5 Grammar Bank

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4C
a Complete the sentences with an object pronoun (me, you, etc.)
    I love you.
  1 He's in love with __HER but she doesn't love
  2 It's a good film. Do you want to see ____?
  3 You speak very quickly. I can't understand YOU
  4 We have a problem. Can you help US ?
  5 I try to talk to HER but she doesn't listen to ME
  6 They're nice people. Do you know THEM?
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# Possessive pronouns

- indicate possession and
- substitute a possessive adjective followed by a noun

POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES	POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS
MY	MINE
YOUR	YOURS
HIS	HIS
HER	HERS
ITS	ITS
OUR	OURS
YOUR	YOURS
THEIR	THEIRS

This is my book and that's yours

#### 4D

a Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with *mine*, *yours*, etc.

- 1 It's mine . 1
- 2 It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 Is it \_\_\_\_\_



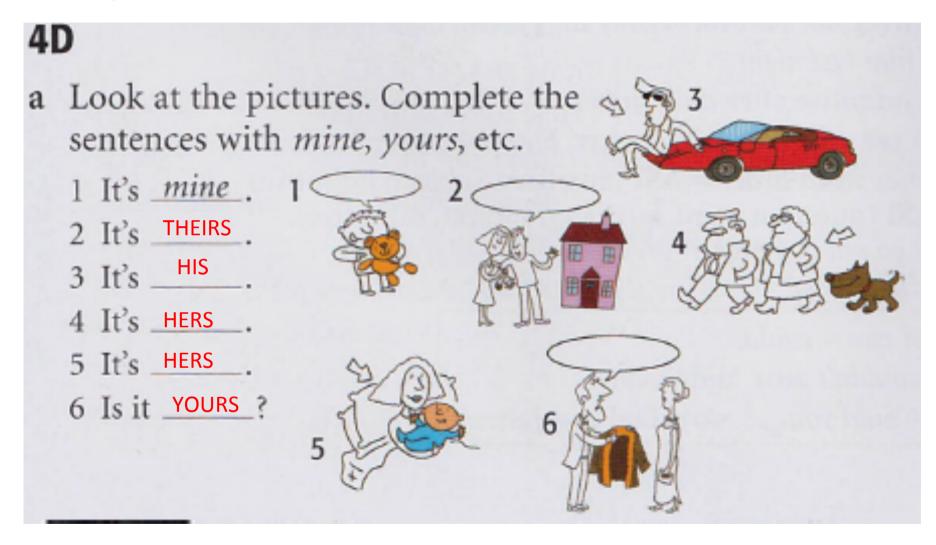








#### p. 129 Grammar Bank



It breaks ... heart 'couse I know you're the one for ...
Don't ...feel sad, there never was a story, obviously ....'ll never be, oh

and ... would never know
I would never show
What ... feel, what I need from ..., no
and ... would never know
... would never show
What I feel, what I need from ...

With every smile comes ... reality, irony You won't find out what has been killing ... Can't you see ... ? can't ...see?

and ... would never know I would never show What ... feel, what ... need from ..., no

and You would never know

... would never show
What ... feel, what ... need from ... , no, no
... would never know
I would never show
What ... feel, what I need from ..., no, no

No no ...'ll never know No no no ...'ll never know No no no, love ..., love me, love me, no

and ... would never know
I would never show
What ... feel, what ... need from ..., no, no
... would never know
... would never show
What ... feel, what ... feel, what ... feel

what ... need, what ... need from ..., no

#### homework

 Describe your family and send the writing to <u>marongiuma@gmail.com</u>